

SIR-200

Mercury selective, weak acid anion resin, styrenic/DVB macroporous, hydrogen form

ResinTech SIR-200 is a mercury selective hydrogen form macroporous weakly acidic cation resin. Its unique functionality makes it selective for mercury and other heavy metals as well as for noble metals when present as cations. SIR-200 is intended for mercury removal and the removal/recovery of various precious metals.



FEATURES & BENEFITS

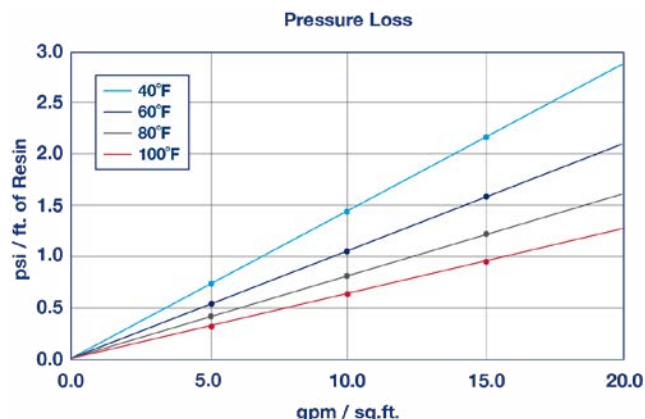
- Enhanced Selectivity For Divalent Mercury
- Effective Over Wide Ph Range
- Superior Physical Stability
- Controlled Particle Size

APPLICATIONS

- Precious Metal Recovery
- Cartridge Applications
- Mercury Removal

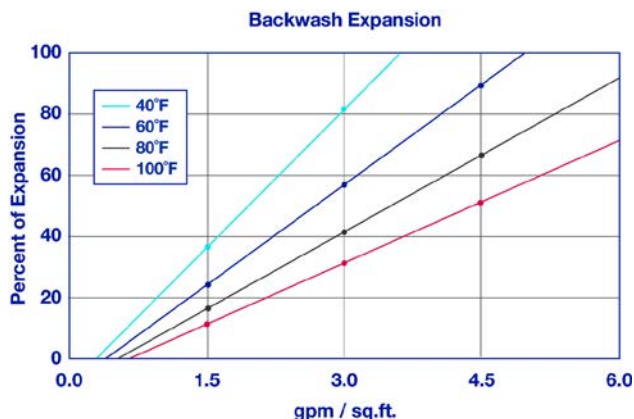
Polymer Matrix	Styrene/DVB	< 50 mesh (300 µm) %	< 1%
Polymer Type	Macroporous	Minimum Sphericity (%)	95
Ionic Form (as shipped)	Hydrogen (H ⁺)	Uniformity	Gaussian
Functional Group	Thiol	Uniformity Coefficient	1.60
Physical Form	Spherical Beads	Moisture Retention (%)	38 to 48
Particle Size US Mesh (µm)	16 (1190) to 50 (297)	Shipping Weight	44 - 46 lbs/cu.ft. (705 - 737 g/L)
		Color	White to Tan

PRESSURE LOSS



The graph above shows the expected pressure loss of ResinTech SIR-200 per foot of bed depth as a function of flow rate at various temperatures.

BACKWASH EXPANSION



The graph above shows the expansion characteristics of ResinTech SIR-200 as a function of flow rate at various temperatures.

SUGGESTED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Maximum Temperature	250°F (121°C)	Operating pH Range	2.0 to 10.0
Minimum Bed Depth	36 in. (91.4 cm)	Flow Rate	
Maximum Pressure Loss	25 psi (172 kPa)	Working Service	Depends on fluid viscosity, Contact ResinTech

PRECIOUS METALS REMOVAL

Removal of precious metals by ResinTech SIR-200 generally follows the solubility of that metal in the presence of the sulfide ion. Metals load according to their relative sulfide affinities. However, high concentrations of "tramp" metals also load and may prevent loading of more desirable metals. The order of selectivity of ResinTech SIR-200 is shown in the following sequence:

Hg>Ag>Cu>Pb>Cd>Ni>Co>Fe>Ca>Na

SIR-200 removes cationic forms of metals. Removal of anionic and zero valent forms of metals is uncertain. Chelating agents such as EDTA interfere with SIR-200's performance. As pH increases, capacity decreases. For most heavy metals, there is a critical pH above which the metal is no longer present as a free cation. In most cases, the best-suited pH will be less than 7.0. The thiol groups contained in SIR-200 become deactivated at pH greater than 10.



PACKAGING**Standard**

1 cu.ft. Bag | 7 cu.ft. Drum

42 cu.ft. Supersack | 5 cu.ft. Drum

Metric

1000L Supersack | 140L Drum

SAFETY DATA SHEETS (SDS)

Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available for all products on the ResinTech website. They contain important health and safety information that may be needed to protect your employees and customers from any known health and safety hazards associated with our products. We recommend that you secure and study the pertinent MSDS for our products and any other products being used.

These suggestions and data are based on information we believe to be reliable. They are offered in good faith. However we do not make any guarantee or warranty. We caution against using these products in an unsafe manner or in violation of any patents; further we assume no liability for the consequences of any such actions.

Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are available at resintech.com

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